

# Solving a System of Three Equations

with  
**THREE**  
**VARIABLES**  
each

Example:  $x + y + z = 2$   
 $x - y + 2z = 2$   
 $-x + 2y - z = 1$

1. Choose two of the 3 equations and eliminate one of the variables...

$$\begin{array}{r} x + \cancel{y} + z = 2 \\ x - \cancel{y} + 2z = 2 \\ \hline 2x + 3z = 4 \end{array}$$

Box the answer

2. Now choose two other equations (a different combination), and eliminate the same variable as you did before...

$$\begin{array}{r} x - y + 2z = 2 \\ -x + 2y - z = 1 \end{array} \xrightarrow{\text{Multiply by 2}} \begin{array}{r} 2x - \cancel{2y} + 4z = 4 \\ -x + \cancel{2y} - z = 1 \\ \hline x + 3z = 5 \end{array}$$

Box this answer also

3. Now take the two boxed answers and use them to eliminate another variable...

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x + 3z = 4 \\ x + 3z = 5 \end{array} \xrightarrow{\text{Multiply by -1}} \begin{array}{r} 2x + \cancel{3z} = 4 \\ -x - \cancel{3z} = -5 \\ \hline x = -1 \end{array}$$

4. Now that you found x, plug it back into one of the boxed equations to find another variable...

$$\begin{array}{r} (-1) + 3z = 5 \\ -1 + 3z = 5 \\ 3z = 6 \\ z = 2 \end{array}$$

5. Plug the x and z into one of the original equations to find the last variable...

$$\begin{array}{r} (-1) + y + (2) = 2 \\ -1 + y + 2 = 2 \\ y + 1 = 2 \\ y = 1 \end{array}$$

Solution:  $(-1, 1, 2)$

# Solving a System of Three Equations

with a  
**MISSING  
VARIABLE**

Example:  $x + y + z = 6$   
 $x - y + 2z = 5$   
 $-x \quad -z = -4$

1. Choose the two equations that are not missing a variable, and eliminate the variable that is missing from the third equation...

$$\begin{array}{r} x + y + z = 6 \\ x - y + 2z = 5 \\ \hline 2x + 3z = 11 \end{array}$$

2. Take the result from step 1 and pair it with the original equation that was missing a variable. Eliminate another variable...

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x + 3z = 11 \\ -x - z = -4 \\ \hline \end{array} \xrightarrow{\text{Multiply by 3}} \begin{array}{r} 2x + 3z = 11 \\ -3x - 3z = -12 \\ \hline \end{array} \xrightarrow{\text{Multiplied by -1 to get a positive x}} \begin{array}{r} -x = -1 \\ x = 1 \end{array}$$

3. Now that you found x, plug it into one of the two-variable equations and solve for another variable...

$$\begin{array}{r} - (1) - z = -4 \\ -1 - z = -4 \\ \hline \end{array} \xrightarrow{\text{Multiply by -1 to get a positive z}} \begin{array}{r} -z = -3 \\ z = 3 \end{array}$$

4. Plug the x and z into one of the original equations to find the last variable...

$$\begin{array}{r} (1) + y + (3) = 6 \\ 1 + y + 3 = 6 \\ y + 4 = 6 \\ y = 2 \end{array}$$

**Solution: ( 1, 2, 3 )**