

## Completing the Square 1

Add the proper constant to build a perfect square trinomial. Then factor the trinomial.

1)  $x^2 + 16x + \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

1)  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

2)  $x^2 - 6x + \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

2)  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

3)  $x^2 - 5x + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} ?$

3)  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

4)  $x^2 - 7x + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} ?$

4)  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

5)  $x^2 + \frac{1}{5}x + \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

5)  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

6)  $x^2 - \frac{2}{13}x + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} ?$

6)  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Solve the equation by completing the square.

7)  $x^2 + 10x + 11 = 0$

7)  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

8)  $x^2 + 14x = -38$

8)  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

9)  $3x^2 + 12x = -2$

9)  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

10)  $16x^2 - 5x + 1 = 0$

10)  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

11)  $16x^2 - 3x + 1 = 0$

11)  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

12)  $4x^2 + 1 = 3x$

12)  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

13)  $5x^2 - 9x + 6 = 0$

13)  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Answer Key

Testname: UNTITLED1

1)  $x^2 + 16x + \underline{64} = (x + 8)^2$

2)  $x^2 - 6x + \underline{9} = (x - 3)^2$

3)  $\frac{25}{4}$

4)  $\frac{49}{4}$

5)  $x^2 + \frac{1}{5}x + \frac{1}{100} = \left(x + \frac{1}{10}\right)^2$

6)  $\frac{1}{169}$

7)  $-5 - \sqrt{14}, -5 + \sqrt{14}$

8)  $-7 - \sqrt{11}, -7 + \sqrt{11}$

9)  $\frac{-6 \pm \sqrt{30}}{3}$

10)  $\frac{5 - i\sqrt{39}}{32}, \frac{5 + i\sqrt{39}}{32}$

11)  $\frac{3 - i\sqrt{55}}{32}, \frac{3 + i\sqrt{55}}{32}$

12)  $\frac{3 - i\sqrt{7}}{8}, \frac{3 + i\sqrt{7}}{8}$

13) no real-number solutions